

Meniscus Root Repair Protocol

Phase 1: (Weeks 0-6)		
Rehabilitation Goals	 Decreased joint effusion Protect repair Knee ext ROM>/= 0 Gradually improve knee flexion ROM Quad set with visible quad activity and superior patellar glide Non-antalgic gait pattern 	
Brace	 Locked in extension while weight bearing unless otherwise specified by MD 0-6 weeks PROM 0-90 degrees 	
Precautions	25% weight bearing with B axillary crutchesAvoid hamstring contraction until 6-weeks post-op	
Interventions	 Modalities: cryo pneumatic compression (game ready), IFC/Premod, adjust brace MT/PROM: STM/edema massage, flx/ext with overpressure, patellar mobs (teach self) ROM/mobility: Heel slides, hamstring stretch, gastroc stretch, LLLD heel prop Gait: Step through pattern BL axillary crutches Neuromotor: Quad set, multiangle knee ext isometrics, SLR, heel raises, weight shifting AP/ML/tandem NMES: Daily, Biphasic or Russian (consider home unit) BFR: in the absence of significant effusion/edema, bruising, concern for DVT (use with NMES) 	
Progression Criteria	 <!--=3+ knee joint effusion via stroke test</li--> Knee extension ROM: o degrees Knee flexion ROM: go degrees Normal patellar mobility, superior glide with quad contraction Pt ambulating with at least 25% weight bearing in brace with crutches SLR with min quad lag at most 	

Phase 2: (Weeks 6–10)		
Rehabilitation Goals	 Continue to protect repair Continue to decrease joint effusion Progress active and passive TKE Progress knee flexion ROM Progress weight bearing Initiate CKC activities Wean off brace/crutches 	
Precautions	 Progressively increase knee flx ROM until WNL While weight bearing: Gradual progression from 25% to FWB per tolerance Unlock brace to 30 degrees at week 6. Progress 30 degrees/week. D/c at 9-weeks post-op CKC exercise <!--=45 degrees knee flx, progress gradually (no more than 60 degrees in this phase)</li--> 	



	Phase 2: (Weeks 6–10) (continued)
Interventions	 Modalities/MT: per patient need, minimize effusion/ecchymosis Gait/balance: Tandem walk, SLS, foam beams, foam pad, SL RDL, circle/cone/hurdle walks, side stepping, turning Walking w/catch+pass or dribble, hurdles on foam, hurdles/beam with catch+pass SLS catch+pass, SLS foam pad 3-way hip, SL RDL on foam pad Therex: Bike ROM, prone quad stretch, wall heel slides, standing hip flx and add stretch, therapist OP into ext Wall squat/sit, high box squat, step up ant/lat, lat heel tap>ant, leg press and multi-hip machine Quad set towel under heel, TKE strap stretch, TKE ball wall>w/strap, standing TKE band resistance Band resisted 4-way SLR (standing>table), SL heel raises, SAQ>LAQ, hamstring curl standing>supine Straight leg bridge, clamshell, hollow body holds, front plank>alt hip ext, banded side steps BFR: continued use with OKC and CKC exercises Conditioning: UBE or arms only Aerodyne
Progression Criteria	 <2+ knee joint effusion via stroke test Passive knee ext WNL, active TKE nearing normal limits Knee flexion ROM >/= 110 degrees Consistent SLR/LAQ without quad lag Discharge brace and crutches Min gait deviations Min-mod pain/limitations with functional activities/Pt interventions

Phase 3: (Weeks 10–16 weeks)		
Rehabilitation Goals	 Continue to progress quad/hamstring strengthening Normalize knee ROM Progress to controlled frontal/transverse/multiplanar loading Progress aerobic conditioning Initiate kneeling Assess quad/hamstring strength 	
Precautions	 Gradual progression of CKC activities to 90 degrees of knee flexion No impact activities until Phase 4 	
Interventions	 Modalities/MT: majority of passive modalities should be discontinued by this phase Gait/Balance: High hurdles, bosu balance > mini squat > step up > lunge ant/lat, SL RDL cone tap, bosu SL RDL Therex: Foot on step/kneel flx stretch, quadruped/prayer stretch variations, kneeling on pad, half kneeling DF stretch Standing and prone hamstring curl with resistance, LAQ with resistance, machine resisted quad/hamstring Squat, kickstand box squat, ¼ split squat > retro slider lunge > split squat to foam pad 4-way slider lunge > curtsy step up > 4-way lunge > RFE split squat > 4-way heel tap, single leg squat to box > shrimp squat > unsupported single leg squat Dead lift from ground, lift and carry, farmer's carry, chaos carry, waiter's carry Bridge hamstring curl eccentric > full > SL, plank on ball, side plank, adductor side plank Aerobic conditioning: Aquatic program 	
Progression Criteria	 <!--=1* knee joint effusion</li--> Flexion ROM>/= 90% contralateral limb Quad/hamstring strength>/= 4-/5 (LSI>/= 0%) Symmetrical modified squat/lunge No gait deviations Min difficulty/pain with ADLs (including stairs) 	



Phase 4: (Months 4–5)	
Rehabilitation Goals	 Progress knee flx angle with functional movement patterns Continue to progress quad/hamstring strengthening Involve gym program/strength and conditioning specialist Progress kneeling activities Prepare patient for plyometric activities
Precautions	Gradually progress squat depth past 90 degrees
Interventions	 Therex: Half kneeling hip flexor/adductor stretch, standing quad stretch, inch worms, light walking stretches Stability/speed prep: Bosu lunge (forward/lateral), bosu med ball catch and pass, bosu med ball slams, bosu SL RDL, foam beam med ball slams, SLS unstable surface catch and pass Shuttle kick back (slow > fast), med ball slam to mini squat (BL/UL), Split squat med ball slam, SL RDL row (slow > fast), SL RDL med ball throw Aerobic conditioning: road bike, swimming, elliptical, stair master
Progression Criteria	 Trace/no knee joint effusion with progressions made Quad/hamstring strength >/=4/5 (LSI>/= 80%) Symmetrical and full squat/lunge

	Phase 5: (Months 5–6)
Rehabilitation Goals	 Continue to progress quadriceps/hamstring strength Introduce sagittal plane plyometrics Introduce jogging/running Prepare patient for interval running program Initiate jump/hop testing
Criteria for Plyometrics	 ROM WNL Trace effusion at most Min anterior knee pain with loading Strength: Symmetrical squat/lunge, 10x shrimp squats to at least 60 degrees, 10x ant heel tap on 6-8" with minimal compensatory patterns
PWB Plyometrics	 Single plane and PWB (on shuttle or with band assistance) <!--= 100 foot contacts initially</li--> 1-2 sessions per week, 5-10% progression of foot contacts per week
Sagittal Plyometrics	PWB > box jump up > box jump down > 2 to 1 box jump > in place jumps > scissor hops > in place jog > line jumps > line hops > single leg box jumps > squat jumps > sagittal plane ladder drills > jogging
Frontal Plane Plyometrics	PWB > lateral box jumps > single leg lateral box jumps > lateral line jumps > lateral line hops > Frontal plane ladder drills > lateral shuffling
Hop Testing	Single hop for distance, triple hop for distance, crossover hop for distance, 6m hop for time
Progression Criteria	 No effusion with progressions made Good tolerance and performance of plyometric activities Good tolerance and performance of jogging/running >/= 70% hop testing LSI Quad/hamstring strength>/= 4+/5 (LSI>/=85%)



	Phase 6: (6+ months)
Rehabilitation Goals	 Continue to progress quadriceps/hamstring strength Initiate interval running program Initiate cutting/pivoting/agility Initiate sprinting Transition to self-management/strength and conditioning
Return to Run	 1 mile ~1500 foot contacts, initiate interval program once pt demonstrates tolerance to this foot contact volume as well as 30-minute walk without pain/effusion Further clearance via metronome set to 60-90BPM, complete heel tap to this cadence Cue against asymmetrical running pattern due to decreased load acceptance (decreased knee flexion angle) on affected limb See return to run protocol for volume progression
Agility	 Change of direction, multiplanar movements, cutting, pivoting Progress to multiplanar ladder drills and cone drills Reaction activities, buddy exercises, sport specific drills Track progress with T-drill and 5-10-5
Sprinting	See return to sprinting protocol
Progression Criteria	 No effusion with progressions made Good tolerance and performance of interval running program Good tolerance and performance of agility exercises Good tolerance and performance of interval sprinting program Hop testing LSI>/= 80% Quad/hamstring strength LSI>/=90% ACL RSI>/=60% at 6 months
Return to Sport Criteria	 Quadriceps/hamstring strength LSI 90-100% Hop testing LSI 90-100% ACL RSI>/= 70% Restore pre-injury conditioning/performance Return to sport specific activities- non-contact practice, full practice, full play Competitive play at 6+ months