

MID Achilles Tendon Repair (Mechrefe)

Phase 1: Weeks 2–6		
Rehabilitation Goals	 Effusion/ecchymosis control Protect repair Early mobilization of ankle Introduce and progress weight bearing Minimize gastroc/soleus atrophy Maintain core, hip and knee strength 	
Precautions	 NWB w/BL axillary crutches in splint for 2 weeks Poorer repairs remain in splint for 4 weeks and then transition to CAM boot Splint removed at 2-week post-op visit for CAM boot, heel wedge per PT rec If using heel wedge, remove one per week until flat 50# WB once in CAM boot, progress 25-50#/week CAM boot worn for 6-weeks/8-weeks post-op 	
Interventions	Modalities: cryo-pneumatic compression (game ready), IFC/Premod MT/PROM: STM/edema massage, gentle metatarsal/tarsal/subtalar/TC joint mobs · Avoid stretching DF past neutral Gait: step through pattern with BL axillary crutches, progressing to WBAT by week 6 Ankle/foot AROM: 4-way ankle/alphabet, towel toe curl, doming, toe splay, seated heel/toe raise Stretching: Hamstring stretch, prone quad stretch, thomas stretch Neuromotor: Quad set, glute set, supine march, dead bug, straight leg bridge, clamshell/reverse, bent knee side plank, bird dog, SLR 4 ways, LAQ, hamstring curl/LAQ with resistance NMES: Biphasic or Russian (consider home unit) BFR: in the absence of significant effusion/edema, bruising, concern for DVT (use with NMES) Conditioning: Stationary bike (no resistance), arms only Aerodyne, UBE	
Progression Criteria	 FWB in CAM boot for ambulation (discharge AD) Discharge heel wedges Good tolerance to weight bearing progressions Adequate muscle activity for PF/DF/inv/ev AROM 	

	Phase 2: Weeks 6-8
Rehabilitation Goals	 Resolve majority of effusion/ecchymosis Normalize gait pattern in boot Progress muscle activation exercises Initiate weight bearing strengthening in boot Prepare patient for transition to sneaker and lace up ASO at 8-weeks post-op
Precautions	 Remain in CAM boot until 8wks post op Lengthening of repair- will occur at 6-weeks post-op regardless of stretching/weightbearing
Interventions	Modalities/MT: per patient need, minimize effusion/ecchymosis ROM: Remove restrictions in DF, gastroc/soleus strap stretch Gait/balance: Circle/cone/hurdle walking, side stepping, turning Neuromotor: band resisted ankle 4-way, seated/standing PWB rocker/wobble board, bridge>hamstring curl on ball, hollow body holds Therex: high box squat, leg press, step up ant/lat, RDL, SL RDL, banded side steps, machine resisted strengthening Conditioning: Aerodyne arms and legs BFR/NMES: continue as indicated
Progression Criteria	 Min effusion/pain with activity progressions Normal, non-antalgic gait pattern (walking and going up stairs) Adequate ankle AROM against light resistance band (~3+/5 MMT)



	Phase 3: Weeks 9–12
Rehabilitation Goals	 Transition to WBAT in ASO/sneaker Normalize gait pattern in sneaker/ASO Initiate weight bearing strengthening in sneaker/ASO Initiate weight bearing stretching in sneaker/ASO Assess LSI with dynamometry Prepare patient for initiation of impact activities at ~3 months
Precautions	Wean out of ASO by end of phase
Interventions	Modalities/MT: Ankle/foot mobilizations as indicated (talocrural, subtalar, metatarsal), normalize ankle AROM in all planes ROM: Standing gastroc/soleus stretch, half kneeling DF stretch, prayer stretch for PF Gait/neuromotor: Repeat previous gait training in sneaker, SLS, tandem stance, tandem walk, FWB rocker/wobble board, Bosu stability Therex: Repeat previous strengthening in sneaker, slider lunge, heel tap lat > ant, split squat PWB UL/BL heel raises on shuttle/leg press Seated soleus heel raise (can use knee ext machine), bridge soleus heel raise Flat ground heel raise BL > eccentric > SL. On step heel raise BL > eccentric > SL Conditioning: swimming/aquatic program BFR/NMES: continue as indicated
Progression Criteria	 Min effusion/pain with activity progressions Discharge ASO ROM WNL Normal, non-antalgic gait pattern (walking and going up stairs) Ankle DF/Inv/Ev MMT ~4/5, PF ~3/5 PF LSI>/= 60%

Phase 4: Months 3–6	
Rehabilitation Goals	 Progressive gastric/soleus strengthening Progress functional activity Complete functional testing for return to impact activities Initiate impact activities
Precautions	Impact activities once pt passes functional testing
Interventions	MT/ROM: as needed to restore functional mobility, consider banded self-mobilizations Therex/NMR: · Airex/beam/bosu/disc- squat, SLS, SL RDL, step up, lunge, heel tap · Heel/toe walk, sled push on toes/heels flat, sled pull, lateral sled pull · BL rebounding heel raise, SL rebounding heel raise (once able to complete 15x BL) Conditioning: Elliptical
Criteria for Plyometrics	 ROM WNL Trace discomfort/effusion at most with activity progression 15x SL heel raise (normal and rebounding) with adequate ROM Strength: Symmetrical squat/lunge, 10x shrimp squats to at least 60 degrees, 10x ant heel tap on 6-8" with minimal compensatory patterns
PWB Plyometrics	 Single plane and PWB (on shuttle or with band assistance) <!--= 100 foot contacts initially</li--> 1-2 sessions per week, 5-10% progression of foot contacts per week
Sagittal Plyometrics	PWB > box jump up > box jump down > 2 to 1 box jump > in place jumps > scissor hops > in place jogline jumps > line hops > single leg box jumps > squat jumps > sagittal plane ladder drills > jogging



Phase 4: Months 3–6 (continued)		
Frontal Plane Plyometrics	PWB > lateral box jumps > single leg lateral box jumps > lateral line jumps > lateral line hops > Frontal plane ladder drills > lateral shuffling	
Hop Testing	Single hop for distance, triple hop for distance, crossover hop for distance, 6m hop for time	
Progression Criteria	 Min effusion/pain with activity progressions Ankle DF/Inv/Ev MMT WNL, PF 4+/5 PF LSI>/= 80% >/= 70% LSI on hop testing 	

Phase 5: (6+ months)		
Rehabilitation Goals	 Continue to progress gastric/soleus strength Initiate interval running program Initiate cutting/pivoting/agility Initiate sprinting Transition to self-management/strength and conditioning 	
Return to Run	 1 mile ~1500 foot contacts, initiate interval program once pt demonstrates tolerance to this foot contact volume as well as 30-minute walk without pain/effusion Further clearance via metronome set to 60-90BPM, complete heel raise and heel tap to this cadence Cue against asymmetrical running pattern due to decreased load acceptance on affected limb See return to run protocol for volume progression 	
Agility	 Change of direction, multiplanar movements, cutting, pivoting Progress to multiplanar ladder drills and cone drills Reaction activities, buddy exercises, sport specific drills Track progress with T-drill and 5-10-5 	
Sprinting	See return to sprinting protocol	
Progression Criteria	 No effusion with progressions made Good tolerance and performance of interval running program Good tolerance and performance of agility exercises Good tolerance and performance of interval sprinting program Hop testing LSI>/= 85% PF strength LSI>/=85% ACL RSI >/=60% at 6 months or use FAAM sport subscale 	
Return to Sport Criteria	 PF strength LSI 90-100% Hop testing LSI 90-100% Restore pre-injury conditioning/performance Return to sport specific activities- non-contact practice, full play 	